Release Notes for the GSS 2012 Merged Data, Release 1 $_{ m July~2013}$

About This Data File

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SAMPTYPE	Description	Number of cases	Previous release
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Weight Variables

- WTCOMB: weight for both cross-section and the panel cases combined, adjusted to the 2012 sampling
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New Variables in This File

The following variables are included in this data file but not in the GSS 1972-2012 cumulative data file.

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WTCOMBNR	WEIGHT VARIABLE
SAMPTYPE	Sample type
RACDIFY	RACIAL DIFFERENCES WHY
RACDIF5	DIFFERENCES DUE TO UPBRINGING
RDSCRPT	READ SCRIPTURE OUTSIDE OF SERVICES

RDSCMOST	WHICH SCRIPTURE READ MOST
RDSCINT	READ SCRIPTURE ON THE INTERNET
RDSCEDEV	READ SCRIPTURE ON E-DEVICE
RDSCMEM	MEMORIZE SCRIPTURE INTENTIONALLY
RDSCLRN	READ SCRIPTURE TO LEARN ABOUT RELIGION
RDSCPER	READ SCRIPTURE AS A MATTER OF PERSONAL PRAYER AND DEVOTION
RDSCTCH	READ SCRIPTURE TO PREPARE TO TEACH OR PARTIC IN STUDY GROUP
RDSCDEC	READ SCRIPTURE TO MAKE DECISIONS ABOUT PERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS
RDSCWLTH	READ SCRIPTURE TO LEARN ABOUT ATTAINING WEALTH/PROSPERITY
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RDSCISS1	READ SCRIPTURE TO LEARN ABOUT ABORTION OR HOMOSEXUALITY
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RDSCORG	NUMBER OF DAYS READ SCRIPTURE IN ORG IN THE PAST 30 DAYS
RDSCOWN	NUMBER OF DAYS READ SCRIPTURE INDIVIDUALLY IN THE PAST 30 DAYS
RDSCUND	GET HELP UNDERSTANDING SCRIPTURE
RDSCCLGY	GET HELP UNDERSTANDING SCRIPTURE FROM CLERGY
RDSCLDR	GET HELP UNDERSTANDING SCRIPTURE FROM STUDY GROUP
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VALABLE	SHOWING ABILITIES IS IMPORTANT
VALSAFE	SAFETY IS IMPORTANT
VALDIFF	DOING DIFFERENT THINGS IS IMPORTANT
VALRULE	RULES ARE IMPORTANT
VALLIST	LISTENING TO DIFFERENT OPINIONS IS IMPORTANT
VALMOD	BEING MODEST IS IMPORTANT
VALSPL	SPOILING ONESELF IS IMPORTANT
VALFREE	BEING FREE AND INDEPENDENT IS IMPORTANT
VALCARE	CARING FOR WELL-BEING IS IMPORTANT
VALACHV	MAKING ACHIEVEMENTS IS IMPORTANT

VALDFND	GOVERNMENT'S DEFENSE OF CITIZENS IS IMPORTANT
VALRISK	TAKING RISK IS IMPORTANT
VALPRPR	DOING THINGS PROPERLY IS IMPORTANT
VALRSPT	GETTING RESPECT IS IMPORTANT
VALDVOT	DEVOTION TO CLOSE PEOPLE IS IMPORTANT
VALECO	ECOLOGY OR ENVIRONMENT IS IMPORTANT
VALTRDN	TRADITION IS IMPORTANT
VALFUN	HAVING FUN IS IMPORTANT
REFBNS	DOES R'S CURRENT EMP OFFER A REFERRAL BONUS
REFER12	HAS R TOLD ANYONE ABOUT A JOB OPP IN PAST 12 MONTHS
REFCNT12	HOW MANY PEOPLE DID R TELL ABOUT A JOB OPP IN PAST 12 MONTHS
REFOCC10	RECENT JOB OPPORTUNITY
WINFIRMR	TOLD PERSON OF JOB OPP WITH OWN EMPLOYER
REFAPPLY	DID PERSON TOLD APPLY?
REFHSEX	PERSON TOLD ABOUT JOB OPP WAS SAME SEX AS R
REFHRACE	RACE OF PERSON TOLD ABOUT JOB OPP
REFHAGE	AGE OF PERSON TOLD ABOUT JOB OPP
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ARTEXBT	DID R GO TO AN ART EXHIBIT IN LAST 12 MONTHS
PRFMMUS	WAS IT A MUSIC PERFORMANCE
PRFMDAN	WAS IT A DANCE PERFORMANCE
PRFMTHE	WAS IT A THEATER PERFORMANCE
PRFMATT	DID R ATTEND ALONE OR WITH OTHERS
PRFMATT1	ATTENDED WITH SPOUSE OR PARTNER
PRFMATT2	ATTENDED WITH CHILD
PRFMATT3	ATTENDED WITH FRIEND
PRFMATT4	ATTENDED WITH RELATIVE
PRFMATT5	ATTENDED WITH OTHER
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PRFMWHY	IMP OF LOW COST IN DECISION TO ATTEND PERFORMANCE
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ARTWHY7	IMP OF LOCATION IN DECISION TO ATTEND EXHIBIT
ARTWHY8	WAS THERE ANOTHER MAJOR REASON IN DECISION TO ATTEND EXHIBIT
ARTNOGO	PERF OR EXHIBIT R WANTED TO GO TO IN PAST 12 MONTHS BUT DID NOT
ARTNOGO1	PERFORMANCE OR EXHIBIT
PRFMCOST	DID NOT GO DUE TO COST
PRFMINT	DID NOT GO SINCE NOT OF INTEREST
PRFMTRVL	DID NOT GO BECAUSE TOO DIFICULT TO GET THERE
PRFMGST	DID NOT GO BECAUSE COULDN'T FIND ANYONE TO GO WITH
PRFMTIME	DID NOT GO DUE TO LACK OF TIME
PRFMLOC	DID NOT WANT TO GO TO THAT LOCATION
PRFMOTHR	OTHER REASON WHY DID NOT GO
ARTCOST	DID NOT GO DUE TO COST
ARTINT	DID NOT GO SINCE NOT OF INTEREST
ARTTRVL	DID NOT GO BECAUSE TOO DIFICULT TO GET THERE
ARTGST	DID NOT GO BECAUSE COULDN'T FIND ANYONE TO GO WITH
ARTTIME	DID NOT GO DUE TO LACK OF TIME
ARTLOC	DID NOT WANT TO GO TO THAT LOCATION
ARTOTHR	OTHER REASON WHY DID NOT GO
REFRTWHY	MOST IMP FACTOR IN NOT ATTENDING
YOUADULT	R CONSIDERS SELF AN ADULT OR NOT
CONHLTH	CONFIDENCE IN HEALTH CARE SYSTEM IN US
HLTHCHNG	HOW MUCH SHOULD THE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM BE CHANGED
EDUCBTR	HIGHER INCOMES AFFORD BETTER EDUC FOR KIDS
HLTHBTR	HIGHER INCOMES AFFORD BETTER HEALTH CARE
HLTHIMP	HEALTH CARE SYSTEM IMPROVE IN NEXT FEW YEARS
HLTHMORE	PEOPLE USE HEALTH CARE SERVICES MORE THAN NECESSARY
HLTHGOV	GOVT SHOULD PROVIDE ONLY LIMITED HEALTH CARE
HLTHINF	HEALTH CARE SYSTEM IN US INEFFICIENT
HLTHTAX	WILLING TO PAY HIGHER TAXES TO IMP HEALTH CARE FOR ALL
FNDMEDCH	FAVOR PUBLIC FUNDING OF PREVENTATIVE MEDICAL CHECKUPS
FNDAIDS	FAVOR PUBLIC FUNDING OF TREATMENT HIV/AIDS

FNDORGN FAV	/OR PUBLIC FUNDING TO PREVENT OBESITY /OR PUBLIC FUNDING OF ORGAN TRANSPLANTS
	ON FUBLIC I UNDING OF UNGAN TRANSFLANTS
	CESS TO PUBLIC FUNDED HEALTH CARE IF NOT CITIZEN
	CESS TO PUBLIC FUNDED HEALTH CARE IF NOT CITIZEN CESS TO PUBLIC FUNDED HEALTH CARE IF DAMAGE OWN HEALTH
11211121112	
	W MANY DON'T HAVE ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE NEEDED IN US
	FFER HEALTH PROB FROM BEHAVIOR
	FFER HEALTH PROB FROM ENVIRON WHERE WORK OR LIVE
	FFER HEALTH PROB BECAUSE OF GENES
	FFER HEALTH PROB BECAUSE POOR
	ART OP FIRST FOR 30 OR 70 VP OLD
	ART OP FIRST FOR 30 OR 70 YR OLD
	ART OP FIRST FOR PERSON WITH YOUNG KIDS OR NO KIDS
	MED PROVIDES BETTER SOLUTIONS
	MED PROMISES MORE THAN CAN DELIVER
DOCTRST DOC	CS CAN BE TRUSTED
DOCTLK DOC	CS DISCUSS ALL TREATMENT OPTIONS WITH THEIR PATIENTS
DOCSKLS MEI	DICAL SKILLS OF DOCS NOT AS GOOD AS SHOULD BE
DOCEARN DOC	CS CARE MORE ABOUT EARNINGS THAN PATIENTS
DOCMSTK DOC	CS WOULD TELL PATIENTS IF THEY MADE A MISTAKE
HLTHPRB DIFF	FICULTIES WITH WORK OR HOUSEWORK DUE TO HEALTH PROB
HLTHPAIN BOD	DY ACHES OR PAINS IN LAST 4 WEEKS
HLTHDEP FELT	T UNHAPPY OR DEPRESSED IN LAST 4 WEEKS
HLTHCONF LOS	ST CONFIDENCE IN SELF IN LAST 4 WEEKS
HLTHNOT FELT	T COULDN'T OVERCOME PROBS IN LAST 4 WEEKS
DOCVST HOV	W OFTEN VISIT DOCTOR
DOCALT HOV	W OFTEN VISIT ALT HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER
HSPOVRNT HOV	W OFTEN HOSP OVERNIGHT INPATIENT
MEDPAY COL	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE COULDN'T PAY
MEDCOMMT COL	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE WORK/OTH COMMITMENTS
MEDUNAV COU	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE UNAVAILABLE IN AREA
MEDWTLST COU	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE WAITLIST TOO LONG
MEDBEST HOV	W LIKELY TO GET BEST TREATMENT AVAIL IN US
MEDDRCH HOV	W LIKELY TO GET TREATMENT FROM DOC OF CHOICE
HLTHSAT HOV	W SATISFIED R WITH HEALTH CARE SYSTEM IN US
DOCVISIT HOV	W SATISFIED R WITH OFFICE VISIT
ALTSAT HOV	W SATISFIED R WITH ALT HEALTH TREATMENT
HOSPSAT HOV	W SATISIFIED R WITH LAST TREATMENT IN HOSP
SMOKEDAY HOV	W MANY CIGS A DAY
DRINK4 HOV	W OFTEN DRINK 4 OR MORE ON SAME DAY
	W OFTEN R DOES PHYSICAL ACTIVITY FOR 20 MIN A DAY
	W OFTEN R EATS FRESH FRUIT/VEGGIES

DISBLTY	DOES R HAVE DISABILITY
RHEIGHT	R'S HEIGHT (INCHES)
RWEIGHT	R'S WEIGHT (POUNDS)
INSTYPE	TYPE OF HEALTH INS R HAS
INSCOVRG	HOW WELL COVERED
VETFAM	FAMILY MEMBERS SERVED IN ARMED FORCES?
CONSCHLS	CONFIDENCE IN SCHOOLS AND EDUC SYSTEM
RACDIFY	RACIAL DIFFERENCES WHY
GOTTHNGS	GOT THE IMPORTANT THINGS R WANTS
BUSGRN	U.S. BUSINESS TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT
PEOPGRN	HOW GET PEOPLE TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT
WORKHSPS	HARD WORKING -LAZY
WORK10	DURING PAST 12 MO, R WAS UNEMPLOYED AND LOOKING FOR WORK
WLTHHSPS	RICH - POOR
TOODIFME	TOO DIFF TO DO ANYTHING ABOUT ENVIR
SATLIFE	SATISFIED WITH LIFE
RACDIF5	DIFFERENCES DUE TO UPBRINGING
PHYSHLTH	DAYS OF POOR PHYSICAL HEALTH PAST 30 DAYS
FININD	YOUNG SHOULD BE FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT
FININD1	AGED SHOULD BE FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT
OWNHH	YOUNG SHOULD NOT LIVE WITH PARENTS
OWNHH1	AGED SHOULD STOP LIVING WITH PARENTS
EDDONE	YOUNG SHOULD COMPLETE FORMAL SCHOOLING
EDDONE1	AGED SHOULD COMPLETE FORMAL SCHOOLING
FTWORK	YOUNG SHOULD BE EMPLOYED FULL-TIME
FTWORK1	AGED SHOULD BE EMPLOYED FULL-TIME
LAW5	ARRESTED
KNWCAUSE	KNOW CAUSES OF ENVIRONMENT ISSUES
KNOWSOL	KNOW SOLUTIONS TO ENVIROMENT ISSUES
INTLHSPS	UNINTELLIGENT - INTELLIGENT
INFOBIZ	R TRUST BUSINESS FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION
INFOGRN	R TRUST ENVIONMENT GROUPS FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION
INFOGOVT	R TRUST GOVT FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION
INFONEWS	R TRUST NEWSPAPERS FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION
INFOTV	R TRUST RADIO OR TV FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION
INFOCOL	R TRUST UNIVERSITIES FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION
INEQUAL3	INEQUALITY EXISTS FOR BENEFIT OF RICH
INEQUAL5	PAY DIFFERENCES -> AMERICAN PROSPERITY
INCGAP	INCOME DIFFERENTIALS IN USA TOO BIG
IHLPGRN	DO WHAT I CAN TO HELP ENVIR
IDEALLFE	LIFE CLOSE TO IDEAL

CONEXCEL	CONDITIONS OF LIFE EXCELLENT
HLTHENGY	HOW MANY DAYS FELT HEALTHY, FULL OF ENERGY
HRDSHP1	FALL BEHIND IN PAYING RENT, MORTGAGE
HRDSHP6	LACKING HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE
HLTH10	RESPONDENT IN HOSPITAL OR SANITORIUM
HLTH11	RESPONDENT UNABLE TO WORK FOR ONE MONTH OR MORE
HAVCHLD	YOUNG SHOULD HAVE CHILD
HAVCHLD1	AGED SHOULD HAVE CHILD
GETMAR	YOUNG SHOULD GET MARRIED
GETMAR1	AGED SHOULD GET MARRIED
HAPORNOT	HAPPY OR UNHAPPY WITH LIFE TODAY
GRNSIGN	SIGN PETITION ON ENVIR ISSUE
GRNMONEY	GIVE MONEY TO ENVIR GROUP
GRNDEMO	PROTESTED FOR ENVIR ISSUE
GRNCON	CONCERNED ABOUT ENVIRONMENT
FINAN4	BEING PRESSURED TO PAY BILLS
ENPRBUS	MOST IMPORTANT ENVIRONMENT PROBLEM
ENPRBFAM	PROBLEM EFFECT FAMILY MOST

Release Notes for the GSS 2012 Merged Data R3

January 13, 2014
Issue:
JOBINC, JOBSEC, JOBHOUR, JOBPROMO, and JOBMEANS in GSS 2012 were named to JOB1-
JOB ₅ .
Fix:
JOB1-JOB5 are renamed to JOBINC, JOBSEC, JOBHOUR, JOBPROMO, and JOBMEANS in GSS 2012. This issue was originally fixed in Release 2 (filename: "GSS2012merged_R2.sav" and "GSS2012merged_R3.dta") which was posted on the GSS website in November 2013.
Issue:
RES2008 & RES2010 were omitted from GSS 2012.
Fix:
They were added in Release 2 posted in November 2013.
Issue:
RWEIGHT had 99 as a missing value (No answer).
Fix:
"No answer" is recoded to 999. It was fixed in Release 2.
Issue:
HAPORNOT had 98 (Don't know) and 99 (No answer) as missing values.
Fix:
They are recoded to 8 and 9 respectively. They were fixed in Release 2.

Issue:
ISCO88, PAISCO88, MAISCO88, and SPISCO88 in GSS 2012.
Fix:
They are now added to GSS 2012.
Issue:
Military occupations were not assigned occupation/industry codes for OCC10, SPOCC10 PAOCC10, MAOCC10, INDUS10, SPIND10, PAIND10, and MAIND10. Fix:
They are coded to military occupation (9800 or 9810) and industry (9790).

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FNDAIDS	FAVOR PUBLIC FUNDING OF TREATMENT HIV/AIDS		

FNDORGN FAV	VOR PUBLIC FUNDING TO PREVENT OBESITY VOR PUBLIC FUNDING OF ORGAN TRANSPLANTS		
1111	VON FOBLICT ONDING OF ONGAN TRANSFLANTS		
1 01 10(.1/1) 1 4: 1			
	ACCESS TO PUBLIC FUNDED HEALTH CARE IF NOT CITIZEN		
	ACCESS TO PUBLIC FUNDED HEALTH CARE IF DAMAGE OWN HEALTH		
	HOW MANY DON'T HAVE ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE NEEDED IN US		
	SUFFER HEALTH PROB FROM BEHAVIOR		
	SUFFER HEALTH PROB FROM ENVIRON WHERE WORK OR LIVE		
	SUFFER HEALTH PROB BECAUSE OF GENES		
	SUFFER HEALTH PROB BECAUSE POOR		
	HEART OP FIRST FOR SMOKER OR NONSMOKER		
	ART OP FIRST FOR 30 OR 70 YR OLD		
_	HEART OP FIRST FOR PERSON WITH YOUNG KIDS OR NO KIDS		
	T MED PROVIDES BETTER SOLUTIONS		
	T MED PROMISES MORE THAN CAN DELIVER		
DOCTRST DOC	CS CAN BE TRUSTED		
DOCTLK DOC	CS DISCUSS ALL TREATMENT OPTIONS WITH THEIR PATIENTS		
DOCSKLS MEI	DICAL SKILLS OF DOCS NOT AS GOOD AS SHOULD BE		
DOCEARN DOC	CS CARE MORE ABOUT EARNINGS THAN PATIENTS		
DOCMSTK DOC	CS WOULD TELL PATIENTS IF THEY MADE A MISTAKE		
HLTHPRB DIFF	DIFFICULTIES WITH WORK OR HOUSEWORK DUE TO HEALTH PROB		
HLTHPAIN BOD	DY ACHES OR PAINS IN LAST 4 WEEKS		
HLTHDEP FELT	T UNHAPPY OR DEPRESSED IN LAST 4 WEEKS		
HLTHCONF LOS	ST CONFIDENCE IN SELF IN LAST 4 WEEKS		
HLTHNOT FELT	T COULDN'T OVERCOME PROBS IN LAST 4 WEEKS		
DOCVST HOV	W OFTEN VISIT DOCTOR		
DOCALT HOV	W OFTEN VISIT ALT HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONER		
HSPOVRNT HOV	W OFTEN HOSP OVERNIGHT INPATIENT		
MEDPAY COU	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE COULDN'T PAY		
MEDCOMMT COL	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE WORK/OTH COMMITMENTS		
MEDUNAV COU	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE UNAVAILABLE IN AREA		
MEDWTLST COL	ULDN'T GET CARE BECAUSE WAITLIST TOO LONG		
MEDBEST HOV	W LIKELY TO GET BEST TREATMENT AVAIL IN US		
MEDDRCH HOV	W LIKELY TO GET TREATMENT FROM DOC OF CHOICE		
HLTHSAT HOV	W SATISFIED R WITH HEALTH CARE SYSTEM IN US		
DOCVISIT HOV	W SATISFIED R WITH OFFICE VISIT		
ALTSAT HOV	W SATISFIED R WITH ALT HEALTH TREATMENT		
HOSPSAT HOV	W SATISIFIED R WITH LAST TREATMENT IN HOSP		
SMOKEDAY HOV	W MANY CIGS A DAY		
DRINK4 HOV	W OFTEN DRINK 4 OR MORE ON SAME DAY		
	W OFTEN R DOES PHYSICAL ACTIVITY FOR 20 MIN A DAY		
	W OFTEN R EATS FRESH FRUIT/VEGGIES		

DISBLTY	DOES R HAVE DISABILITY		
RHEIGHT	R'S HEIGHT (INCHES)		
RWEIGHT	R'S WEIGHT (NOTIES)		
INSTYPE	TYPE OF HEALTH INS R HAS		
INSCOVRG	HOW WELL COVERED		
VETFAM	FAMILY MEMBERS SERVED IN ARMED FORCES?		
CONSCHLS	CONFIDENCE IN SCHOOLS AND EDUC SYSTEM		
RACDIFY	RACIAL DIFFERENCES WHY		
GOTTHNGS	GOT THE IMPORTANT THINGS R WANTS		
BUSGRN	U.S. BUSINESS TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT		
PEOPGRN	HOW GET PEOPLE TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT		
WORKHSPS	HARD WORKING -LAZY		
WORK10	DURING PAST 12 MO, R WAS UNEMPLOYED AND LOOKING FOR WORK		
WLTHHSPS	RICH - POOR		
TOODIFME	TOO DIFF TO DO ANYTHING ABOUT ENVIR		
SATLIFE	SATISFIED WITH LIFE		
RACDIF5	DIFFERENCES DUE TO UPBRINGING		
PHYSHLTH	DAYS OF POOR PHYSICAL HEALTH PAST 30 DAYS		
FININD	YOUNG SHOULD BE FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT		
FININD1	AGED SHOULD BE FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT		
OWNHH	YOUNG SHOULD NOT LIVE WITH PARENTS		
OWNHH1	AGED SHOULD STOP LIVING WITH PARENTS		
EDDONE	YOUNG SHOULD COMPLETE FORMAL SCHOOLING		
EDDONE1	AGED SHOULD COMPLETE FORMAL SCHOOLING		
FTWORK	YOUNG SHOULD BE EMPLOYED FULL-TIME		
FTWORK1	AGED SHOULD BE EMPLOYED FULL-TIME		
LAW5	ARRESTED		
KNWCAUSE	KNOW CAUSES OF ENVIRONMENT ISSUES		
KNOWSOL	KNOW SOLUTIONS TO ENVIROMENT ISSUES		
INTLHSPS	UNINTELLIGENT - INTELLIGENT		
INFOBIZ	R TRUST BUSINESS FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION		
INFOGRN	R TRUST ENVIONMENT GROUPS FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION		
INFOGOVT	R TRUST GOVT FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION		
INFONEWS	R TRUST NEWSPAPERS FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION		
INFOTV	R TRUST RADIO OR TV FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION		
INFOCOL	R TRUST UNIVERSITIES FOR POLLUTION INFORMATION		
INEQUAL3	INEQUALITY EXISTS FOR BENEFIT OF RICH		
INEQUAL5	PAY DIFFERENCES -> AMERICAN PROSPERITY		
INCGAP	INCOME DIFFERENTIALS IN USA TOO BIG		
IHLPGRN	DO WHAT I CAN TO HELP ENVIR		
IDEALLFE	LIFE CLOSE TO IDEAL		

CONEXCEL	CONDITIONS OF LIFE EXCELLENT
HLTHENGY	HOW MANY DAYS FELT HEALTHY, FULL OF ENERGY
HRDSHP1	FALL BEHIND IN PAYING RENT, MORTGAGE
HRDSHP6	LACKING HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE
HLTH10	RESPONDENT IN HOSPITAL OR SANITORIUM
HLTH11	RESPONDENT UNABLE TO WORK FOR ONE MONTH OR MORE
HAVCHLD	YOUNG SHOULD HAVE CHILD
HAVCHLD1	AGED SHOULD HAVE CHILD
GETMAR	YOUNG SHOULD GET MARRIED
GETMAR1	AGED SHOULD GET MARRIED
HAPORNOT	HAPPY OR UNHAPPY WITH LIFE TODAY
GRNSIGN	SIGN PETITION ON ENVIR ISSUE
GRNMONEY	GIVE MONEY TO ENVIR GROUP
GRNDEMO	PROTESTED FOR ENVIR ISSUE
GRNCON	CONCERNED ABOUT ENVIRONMENT
FINAN4	BEING PRESSURED TO PAY BILLS
ENPRBUS	MOST IMPORTANT ENVIRONMENT PROBLEM
ENPRBFAM	PROBLEM EFFECT FAMILY MOST

Release Notes for the GSS Merged 2012 R4: Education Variables on the 2012 GSS

April 2014

Introduction

This data file has several variables about postsecondary education, from the 2012 General Social Survey (GSS). Most variables are about respondents themselves, but two of them are about spouses or partners. These questions were given only to the newly sampled cross-section cases of GSS 2012. The panel cases did not receive them. For those who were skipped on questions because the respondent was not eligible (e.g. questions about spouses were skipped if the respondent was not married), we used the code IAP (inapplicable) in the data file.

Question Wordings for GSS Variables

There are two variables that have information about respondents' spouses or partners: SPDIGED and SPCOLNME. For marital status or domestic partnership, please check the variables named MARITAL and POSSLQ (or POSSLQY) in the GSS data. The question wordings as well as instructions given to interviewers are listed below. Except for VOEDNME1 and VOEDNME2, all

GSS variables have been already released as part of the 2012 GSS. The IPEDS variables added to the GSS are new releases.

Please note that instructions for interviewers are capitalized below.

DIPGED

Q: Was that a diploma awarded by your high school at graduation at the end of 12th grade, a GED awarded after you took a test, or something else?

- o IAP
- 1 High School diploma
- 2 GED
- 3 Other
- 5 HS diploma after post HS classes*
- 8 DON'T KNOW
- 9 REFUSED

*Note: The 5th category was added after the survey by recoding some of the open-ended responses in "3: Other".

SPDIPGED

- Q: Was that a diploma awarded by [spouse's/partner's] high school at graduation at the end of 12th grade, a GED awarded after he/she took a test, or something else?
- o IAP
- 1 High School diploma
- 2 GED
- 3 Other
- 8 DON'T KNOW
- 9 REFUSED

MAJOR1 & MAJOR2

Q: What was your major or field of study when you received your [postsecondary] degree?

IF THE RESPONDENT RECEIVED MORE THAN ONE GRADUATE LEVEL DEGREE, ASK ABOUT THE HIGHEST DEGREE OBTAINED (E.G. ABOUT A Ph.D. RATHER THAN AN M.B.A).

[COUNT UP TO 2 MENTIONS]

0	IAP			
1	Accounting/bookkeeping			
2	Advertising			
3	Agriculture/horticulture			
4	Allied health			
5	Anthropology			
6	Architecture			
7	Art			
8	Biology			
9	Business administration			
11	Chemistry			
12	Communications/speech			
13	Comm. Disorders			
14	Computer science			
15	Dentistry			
16	Education			
17	Economics			
18	Engineering			
19	English			
20	Finance			
21	Foreign language			
22	Forestry			
23	Geography			
24	Geology			
25	History			
26	Home economics			
27	Industry & technology			
28	Journalism			
29	Law			
30	Law enforcement			
31	Library science			
32	Marketing			
33	Mathematics			
34	Medicine			
35	Music			
26	Nursing			

Optometry

37

- 38 Pharmacy
- 39 Philosophy
- 40 Physical education
- 41 Physics
- 42 Psychology
- Political science/international relations
- 44 Sociology
- 45 Special education
- Theater arts
- 47 Theology
- 48 Veterinary medicine
- 49 Liberal arts
- 50 Other
- General sciences
- 52 Social work
- 53 General studies
- 54 Other vocational
- 55 Health
- 56 Industrial relations
- 57 Child/human/family development
- Food science/nutrition/culinary arts
- 59 Environmental science/ecology
- 60 Social sciences
- 61 Human services/human resources
- Visual Arts/Graphic Design/Design and Drafting
- 63 Fine arts
- 64 Humanities
- 65 Ethnic studies
- 66 Educational administration
- 67 Television/film
- 68 Aviation/aeronautics
- 69 Statistics/biostatistics
- 70 Criminology/criminal justice
- 71 Administrative science/public administration
- 72 Electronics
- 73 Urban and Regional Planning
- 74 Mechanics/machine trade
- 75 Dance
- 76 Gerontology
- 77 Public relations
- 78 Textiles/cloth
- 79 Parks and Recreation
- 98 DK/UNCODED

WHENCOL
Q: In what month and year did you receive the [highest degree (e.g. BA, Ph.D.)] degree?
Year*
*Note: months are not released.
WHENHS
IF R DOES NOT HAVE A COLLEGE DEGREE BUT HAS A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA
Q: In what month and year did you receive your high school degree?
Year*
*Note: months are not released.
COLNAME (not released)
IF R HAS ANY COLLEGE DEGREES
Q: What is the name of the college that awarded your [highest degree (e.g. BA, Ph.D.)] degree?
SPCOLNME (not released)
* Note: This variable is about respondent's spouse or partner.
Q1. What degree or degrees? CODE HIGHEST DEGREE EARNED
Q2. What is the name of the college that awarded your spouse's/partner's [response in Q1] degree?

No answer

99

IF THE SPOUSE ATTENDED MORE THAN ONE COLLEGE AND RECEIVED

EQUIVALENT DEGREES FROM MORE THAN ONE COLLEGE (E.G. TWO BACHELOR'S DEGREES FROM DIFFERENT UNIVERSITIES). ASK "Please tell me about the college that granted the degree most relevant to what she/he is doing now."

IF R CANNOT CHOSE, RECORD ALL MENTIONED UNIVERSITIES/COLLEGES.

IF SPOUSE RECEIVED MORE THAN ONE GRADUATE LEVEL DEGREE, ASK ABOUT
THE HIGHEST DEGREE OBTAINED (E.G. ABOUT A PH.D. RATHER THAN A MBA).

VOEDCOL & VOEDNME1 and VOEDNCOL & VOEDNME2

Note:

VOEDNME1 and VOEDNME2 have information about the types of any postsecondary educational institutions respondents attended for credit. The original question asked for the names of institutions but we are releasing only the types of the institutions, but not their exact names. A total of 531 names were collected on both variables, and we could have assigned IPEDS institution codes to 246 of them although we do not include them in the public release.

The VOEDNME1 question was given if respondents had answered yes on VOEDCOL. VOEDCOL, in turn, was asked if respondents had attended colleges before. On the other hand, the VOEDNME2 question was given if respondents had answered yes on VOEDNCOL. VOEDNCOL was asked if respondents had not attended colleges before. The VOEDNCOL question wording did not have the "Besides attending college for credit" part (see below).

VOEDCOL & VOEDNCOL

Q: <u>Besides attending college for credit</u>, did you complete any courses for credit at an institution such as a business college, technical or vocational school?

o IAP

- 1 Yes
- 2 No
- 8 Don't know
- 9 No answer

VOEDNME1 & VOEDNME2

Q: IF YES: What institution was that?

- -ı IAP
- 1 Jail/Prison
- 2 High School
- 3 Company/Business
- 4 Vocational School/Trades/technical (not High School not College)
- 5 Secretarial School
- 6 Adult Education/School
- 7 Medical/Nursing/Health/Dental/Hospital
- 8 Union
- 9 Armed Forces
- 10 College/University
- 11 Art/Design
- Business College (not Business School at a university)
- 13 Home Study/Correspondence
- 14 Job Corp
- Beauty School/Cosmetology
- Insurance, Real Estate, Finance, Executive Management
- 17 Police/Fire Academy; Training
- 18 Development Center
- 19 Career Center
- 20 Foreign College/University
- 30 Other
- 98 Unknown, uncodeable

Descriptions for IPED Variables

All IPED variables are from the 2012 data files: HD2012, EF2012a, and GR2012 (see nces.ed.gov/ipeds/). We aggregate values of some of these variables in order to ensure anonymity of the GSS respondents. We have added the prefix "SP" to the variable names in order to indicate that those variables have information about *spouses*' (or partners') colleges.

SECTOR (SPSECTOR)

This variable categorizes colleges depending on whether it is: (1) private or public, (2) for-profit or non-profit, and (3) 2-year or 4-year.

- -ı IAP
- o Administrative Unit
- 1 Public, 4-year or above
- 2 Private not-for-profit, 4-year or above
- 3 Private for-profit, 4-year or above
- 4 Public, 2-year
- 5 Private not-for-profit, 2-year or less
- 6 Private for-profit, 2-year
- 7 Public, less-than 2-year
- 9 Private for-profit, less-than 2-year
- Sector unknown (not active)

The below is a description of this variable in the IPED document. Please note that the fifth category is a combination of originally two categories in the IPED data: "5: private not-for-profit, 2 year" and "8: private not-for-profit 2-year or less".

Description about SECTOR in HD2012

One of nine institutional categories resulting from dividing the universe according to control and level. Control categories are public, private not-for-profit, and private for-profit. Level categories are 4-year and higher (4 year), 2-but-less-than 4-year (2 year), and less than 2-year. For example: public, 4-year institutions.

Control - A classification of whether an institution is operated by publicly elected or appointed officials (public control) or by privately elected or appointed officials and derives its major source of funds from private sources (private control).

Level - A classification of whether an institution's programs are 4-year or higher (4 year), 2-but-less-than 4-year (2 year), or less than 2-year.

EFTOTLT (SPEFTOTLT)

This is a total number of students enrolled in the fall term regardless of their registration status. In other words, this number includes both full-time and part-time students as well as those who are seeking any degree or not. It was originally a continuous variable in the IPED data, but it is dichotomized here as the following:

- 1. o-467 students enrolled
- 2. 468 or more students.

Please note that this total is from the variable named EFTOTLT in the IPED data, which has different values depending on the value of another variable named EFALEVEL. The value of EFTOTLT indicates the total number of all registered students only if EFALEVEL=1.

Description about EFTOTLT in EF2012a

Grand total men and women enrolled for credit during the fall

CREDIT - Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

NOTE: Enrollment reported is of the institution's official fall reporting date or October 15.

Description about EFALEVEL in EF2012a

Level, full- and part-time status, degree-seeking/non degree-seeking status and year of study of student - This variable identifies the level of enrollment data for the institution. Enrollment

counts are available by level of student (undergraduate or graduate). Undergraduate enrollments are disaggregated by degree-seeking and non-degree seeking status. Degree-seeking enrollments are further broken out by first-time, first year students, transfer-ins and continuing students. All of the above categories are available by full- and part-time status.

Undergraduate A student enrolled in a 4- or 5-year bachelor's degree program, an associate's degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

Degree/certificate-seeking students Students enrolled in courses for credit and recognized by the institution as seeking a degree, certificate, or other formal award. High school students also enrolled in postsecondary courses for credit are not considered degree/certificate-seeking.

First-time student (undergraduate) A student who has no prior postsecondary experience (except as noted below) attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. This includes students enrolled in academic or occupational programs. It also includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term, and students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

Transfer-in student (undergraduate) A student entering the reporting institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level. The student may transfer with or without credit.

Graduate student A student who holds a bachelor's degree or above and is taking courses at the postbaccalaureate level. These students may or may not be enrolled in graduate programs.

Full-time student Undergraduate: A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, or 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term. Graduate: A student enrolled for 9 or more semester credits, or 9 or more quarter credits, or a student involved in thesis or dissertation preparation that is considered full time by the institution. Doctor's degree - Professional practice - as defined by the institution.

Part-time student Undergraduate: A student enrolled for either less than 12 semester or quarter credits, or less than 24 contact hours a week each term. Graduate: A student enrolled for less than 9 semester or quarter credits

BARATE (SPBARATE)

This is a rate of those undergraduate students graduated with a degree among all students seeking bachelor's or equivalent degree in 4-year universities. This number is calculated using the variable named GRTOTLT in the IPED data, which has different kinds of numbers depending on another variable named GRTYPE. If GRTYPE=9, GRTOTLT has a total number of "bachelor's or equivalent subcohort (4-yr institution) completers within 150% of normal time total." This number is divided by a total number of "bachelor's or equivalent subcohort (4-yr institution)," which can be found in GRTOTLT when GRTYPE=6. These numbers are collapsed into the following three categories:

- -1. IAP
- 1. 0-39.9%
- 2. 40-57.9%
- 3. 58% or over

Description about GRTYPE in GR2012

Grand total (men and women) in cohort

Description about GRTYPE in GR2012

Cohort status defines the graduation status students of the cohort.

NORMAL TIME TO COMPLETION - The amount of time necessary for a student to complete all requirements for a degree or certificate according to the institution's catalog. This is typically 4 years (8 semesters or trimesters, or 12 quarters, excluding summer terms) for a bachelor's degree in a standard term-based institution; 2 years (4 semesters or trimesters, or 6 quarters, excluding summer terms) for an associate's degree in a standard term-based institution; and the various scheduled times for certificate programs.

COMPLETERS WITHIN 150% (OF NORMAL TIME) - Students (within a cohort or subcohort) who completed their program within 150% of the normal time to completion. See Normal Time.

BACHELOR'S DEGREE - An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary, U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least 4 but NOT more than 5 years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a 5-year COOPERATIVE (WORK-STUDY PLAN) PROGRAM. A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies. Also, includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal 4 years of work are completed in 3 years

TOTAL TRANSFER-OUT STUDENTS (NON-COMPLETERS) - Total number of students from the cohort or subcohort who transferred out at any time within 150% of normal time to completion. A transfer-out student is a student who has not completed or graduated from the program in which he or she was enrolled, but who has subsequently enrolled at another eligible institution in any program for which the reporting institution provided substantial preparation.

EXCLUSIONS - Students from the cohort or subcohort who left the institution for any of the following reasons: died or were totally and permanently disabled; to serve in the armed forces; to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government, such as the Peace Corps; or to serve on official church missions.

Long programs - Non-completers still enrolled in long programs as of August 31, 2011.

GRADTOUNDER (SPGRADTOUNDER)

This is a ratio of all graduate-level students to all undergraduate-level students. It includes all students regardless of their full-time/part-time status and whether they are degree-seeking students or not. It is from EFTOTLT in the IPED when EFALEVEL=12 (graduate-level students) and EFALEVEL=2 (undergraduate-level students). We have grouped these numbers into two groups as the following (except for IAP):

- -1 IAP
- 1. o-.210 graduate student per undergraduate student
- 2. .211 or over

See EFTOTLT for the description of the original variable in the IPED documentation.

Release Notes for the GSS 2012 Merged Data R5

June	18,	2014
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Issue:

NUMCONG and RFAMLOOK were on the 2012 questionnaire but not included in the data file.

Fix:

NUMCONG and RFAMLOOK are now included as part of the 2012 data.