

TABLE 7.5 Indigenous and Non-Indigenous Attitudes and Demographics Compared, Guatemala and Bolivia, 2008–2010

Culture and Attitude Variables ^a	Guatemala			Bolivia		
	Indigenous	Non-indigenous	Sig. ^b	Indigenous	Non-indigenous	Sig. ^b
Interest in politics	27.7	28.1	NS	38.5	37.3	NS
Democratic attitudes syndrome ^c	54.6	60.2	***	57.2	58.9	*
Authoritarian attitudes syndrome	33.9	31.7	*	23.9	23.9	NS
Support for the rule of law ^c	68.4	54.1	***	66.2	57.1	***
Support for citizens taking the law into their own hands	31.9	33.7	NS	36.4	28.1	***
Support for armed rebellion against an elected government	17.5	17.2	NS	19.3	17.1	*
Populist attitudes index ^c	43.4	38.2	***	49.9	39.3	***
Sense of external efficacy (official responsiveness) ^c	36.8	30.4	***	55.4	44.1	***
Sense of internal efficacy (personal knowledge of issues)	43.0	46.5	***	49.8	50.8	NS
Diffuse support for the political system ^c	51.9	47.5	***	56.4	52.1	***
Racial bias (0–100)(2012 survey) ^d	32.3	32.6	NS	29.5	28.1	NS
Demographics						
Living standard based on household artifacts (0–14)	3.6	5.0	***	3.4	5.3	***
Education completed (years)	5.0	8.0	***	7.5	11.0	***
Percent urban	32	56	***	51	73	***
Approximate number of cases ^e	1,115	1,795	2880	582	2,298	2,880

Source: AmericasBarometer 2008 and 2010 samples; www.LapopSurveys.org.

Notes: Cell values are scores on scales; all 0–100.

^aSamples include all 2008 and 2010 cases.

^bStatistical significance levels: * = .05, ** = .01, *** = .001, NS = not significantly different.

^cGray-shaded cells indicate a common pattern between Guatemala and Bolivia.

^dThe AmericasBarometer 2012 asked two questions expressing bias against those of dark skin. See note for the items; range = 0–100.

^eCase numbers vary slightly by variable due to missing values.