## Appendix E

## Two Thousand Years of Terror

massacres and activity by death squads.

1st century c.e.	occupation.				
60-61	A revolt against Roman rule in eastern Britain took place, killing 70,000 inhabitants. Roman reprisals were a				
	campaign of terror.				
11th century	The Assassin movement attempted to purge the Islamic faith and resist Crusader occupation in the Middle East by engaging in clandestine assassinations and attacks against opponents.				
July 1099	During the First Crusade, Christians of the Western Church entered Jerusalem. They massacred thousands of Muslim and Orthodox Christian residents.				
13th century	During the Albigensian Crusade in southern France, legend holds that concerns were raised about loyal Catholics who were being killed. The pope's representative allegedly replied, "Kill them all, God will know his own."				
1298-1303; 1336-1338	Anti-Jewish communal violence, known as the Rindfleisch and Armleder Massacres, occurred in central Europe.				
13th-19th centuries	The Thuggee cult in India used a traditional noose called a <i>phansi</i> to strangle perhaps millions of victims in tribute to the goddess Kali, the destroyer.				
14th-15th centuries	Christian Europeans conducted many massacres (pogroms) of Jews. Superstitious accusations were used to justify the pogroms.				
August 24, 1572	Catholic forces massacred thousands of French Huguenot Protestants in what became known as the St. Bartholomew's Day Massacre. It occurred during Counterreformation wars to suppress Protestant "heresies."				
1604–1605	In England, Guy Fawkes hatched the Gunpowder Plot, intending to blow up Westminster palace. Unfortunately for Fawkes, the plot was discovered, and he and his coconspirators were tortured and executed.				
1808–1814	The Spanish people fought a brutal war against French military occupation. The term <i>guerrilla</i> , or "little war," was coined to describe the tactics of the rebels.				
1811-1816	The Luddites in England sabotaged and destroyed machinery in factories, which they believed were a cause of their unemployment and misery.				
1865 or 1866	The Ku Klux Klan was founded in the United States in Pulaski, Tennessee, by former Confederate general Nathan Bedford Forrest and other upper-class Southerners.				
1870s -	The Molly Maguires, a secret organization of Irish coal miners in Pennsylvania, committed acts of sabotage and terrorism against mining companies.				
July 1879	In Russia, People's Will embarked on a campaign of terrorism and assassination, arguing that a violent intellectual elite could force government reforms.				
1882-1968	Nearly 5,000 African Americans (mostly men) died when they were lynched by mobs or smaller groups of white Americans.				
About 1900	The Black Hundreds was founded in Russia. A right-wing nationalist group, the center of its ideology was strong and violent anti-Semitism.				
June 28, 1914	Gavrilo Princip, a student and member of the Serb terrorist organization Black Hand, assassinated Austrian Archduke Ferdinand and his wife in Sarajevo, Bosnia, thus igniting a series of political events leading to World War I.				
1915	Ottoman Turkey committed genocide against its Armenian population. Approximately 1 million Armenians were killed.				
September 1920	A bomb was detonated on Wall Street in New York City. Thirty-five people were killed, and hundreds were injured.				
1930s-1940s	During political purges, Soviet leader Joseph Stalin ordered the arrests and executions of thousands of party members and army officers.				
November 9, 1938	The German government planned and instigated anti-Jewish rioting in an evening that became known as <i>Kristallnacht</i> (the "Night of Glass").				
July 1941	German Einsatzgruppen began to systematically kill Russian Jews and other Soviet nationals.				
1961-1996	Approximately 200,000 Guatemalans were killed or during a 35-year civil war that included state-sponsored				

March 1965 Members of the United Klans of America shot to death Viola Liuzzo in Alabama and wounded a traveling companion.

1st century c.e. Zealot rebels used a traditional dagger called a sica to dispatch enemies during their rebellion against Roman

April 15, 2013

Woolwich, UK.

1969-1986 Nearly 15,000 right- and left-wing terrorist attacks occurred in Italy. ▶ Brazilian revolutionary Carlos Marighella completed the Mini-Manual of the Urban Guerrilla. Iune 1969 October 1969 A bomb in Chicago destroyed a monument dedicated to the Chicago police. The leftist Weatherman group was responsible for the attack. · Jordanian troops drove the Palestine Liberation Organization out of Jordan in an operation that became known as September 1970 • Black September, the name later adopted by a Palestinian terrorist organization. ·Idi Amin ruled Uganda with an iron fist. He was responsible for the forcible expulsion of Uganda's Indian and Pakistani merchant class, as well as the deaths of at least 100,000 and perhaps as many as 500,000 Ugandans. January 30, 1972 Elite British paratroopers fired on Irish Catholic demonstrators in Londonderry, Northern Ireland. The incident became known as Bloody Sunday. This was a seminal incident in the armed conflict waged by the Provisional Irish Republican Army. Eight members of Black September captured nine Israeli athletes and killed two others at the Olympic Village during September 1972 the Munich Olympics. Five terrorists and all nine athletes were killed during a rescue attempt by the Bavarian police. · Hamas and Palestine Islamic Jihad claimed credit for killing two Israeli soldiers and wounding three others in Gaza. March 26, 2010 The soldiers were ambushed while intercepting men who were seen placing explosives near the Israeli border April 9, 2010 In the Russian republic of Ingushetia, a female suicide bomber detonated herself near police officers, killing a district police commander. The attack was another in an ongoing anti-Russian terrorist campaign by a number of nationalist and religious extremist groups, many operating from the Caucasus region. May 1, 2010 Times Square in New York City was evacuated after the discovery of a car bomb. June 17, 2010 🔷 A 300-pound vehicular bomb was defused outside a police station in Aughnacloy, Northern Ireland. July 12, 2010 ▶ At least 70 people were killed and as many wounded when several suicide bombers attacked crowds watching the World Cup in Kampala, Uganda. July 27, 2010 Near Oman, a Japanese tanker was damaged by an explosion in the Strait of Hormuz. The Abdullah Azzam Brigades Islamist group took credit for the attack. September, 2010 It was reported that Al-Qaeda in Pakistan planned a series of attacks in Britain, France, and Germany. The alleged plan was broken up by intelligence agencies. October 4, 2010 The Real Irish Republican Army detonated a car bomb in Derry, Northern Ireland. The attack was part of an ongoing campaign by Republican splinter organizations. May 2, 2011 Al Qaeda founder Osama bin Laden was killed during a raid by U.S. Navy SEAL commandos in Abbottabad, Pakistan June 8, 2011 -Islamists killed two Buddhist monks and wounded five police officers in Thailand. In Oslo, Norway, right-wing extremist Anders Breivik detonated a bomb exploded outside the Norwegian Prime July 22, 2011 · Minister's office and other government office buildings, and later youth members of the Labor Party on Utøya island. August 7, 2011 • American Emerson Winfield Begolly from Pennsylvania was indicted on terror-related charges for allegedly using the Internet to encourage jihadist violence against Americans. October 4, 2011 A truck carrying drums of flammable liquid detonated at a checkpoint near a compound in Mogadishu, killing approximately 80 people. Students had gathered at the compound to sign up for scholarships funded by Turkey November 1, 2011 Four men in Georgia were charged with conspiring on behalf of a domestic rightist militia group planned to attack government officials with explosives and ricin poison. In Colombia, FARC leader Alfonso Cano was killed. ▶ Boko Haram began a series of shootings in northeastern Nigeria, demanding that all Christians to leave. Hundreds Ianuary 5, 2012 of Christians evacuated the region shortly after the attacks. January 5, 2012 🔷 In Pakistan, sixteen captured soldiers were tortured and executed by the Islamist group Tehrik-e-Taliban. **March 12, 2012** • A gasoline bomb was thrown into a Shia mosque, killing the Imam. March 17, 2012 FARC rebels killed eleven members of the Colombian Army in an ambush. July 1, 2012 Al-Shabaab gunmen attacked Christians at two churches in the northern Kenya, killing and wounding dozens. September 11, 2012 Islamists attacked the American Embassy in Benghazi, Libya, killing the American ambassador and several others November 2, 2012 In Davao, Philippines, guerrillas affiliated with the New People's Army killed four soldiers. April 14, 2013 In Mogadishu Somalia, Al-Shabaab terrorists wearing suicide vests bombed the Supreme Court building, killing and injuring nearly 100 people.

Lin Boston Massachusetts, two bombs exploded near the finish line of the Boston Marathon. May 22, 2013  $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$  An off-duty soldier was knocked down by a truck and then attacked by Islamists wielding edged weapons in

of them students. More than 100 were reported missing.

July 6, 2013  $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$  Boko Haram militants assaulted the Government Secondary boarding school. More than 40 people were killed, most